

BY JAMES EDWARD RAGGI IV

TENTH ANNIVERSARY EDITION

# LAMENTATIONS of the FLAME PRINCESS

# RANDOM ESOTERIC CREATURE GENERATOR

FOR CLASSIC FANTASY ROLE-PLAYING GAMES AND THEIR MODERN SIMULACRA

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Original Artwork for the Goodman Games Edition		
	Original Artwork for the Goodman Games Edition	!

## **2018 INTRODUCTION**

Ten years as a gaming professional. What a bizarre life it's been. It's been a good life, with the ups and downs of the personal life and motivations being balanced by the opportunity to work with amazingly creative people, travel the world, and pay the rent doing exactly what I want to do and sticking a thumb in eyes of those that disapprove.

This is not a small thing.
And it started with
the first edition of this
book. For while Death
Frost Doom was the first
professional publication
from Lamentations of the
Flame Princess, my first
gaming publication overall
was indeed the Random
Esoteric Creature Generator
for Classic Fantasy RolePlaying Games and their
Modern Simulacra in
April, 2008.

The book was written during classes when I was supposed to be learning Swedish and Finnish. I never did learn Swedish or Finnish properly, but I did go on to write and publish some more,

maybe this was the correct thing to do.
Hell, maybe I should sign up for some classes and that would help me write gaming stuff more quickly.

The artwork was done by Finnish artist Aino Purhonen for 100€ and the printing was done by a local copy shop. I printed 100 copies. I sold them online for 4,50€ each, including postage, and after Paypal fees, cost of the envelope, and that postage, I made about 2,00€ per copy sold. I sold 19.

I also sent copies of the *RECG* to everyone (as I recall) publishing old-school material at the time. Goodman Games was one of those publishers (they had done a couple of '1e'-compatible adventures), and offered to properly publish the book, which was out within six months.

Dear lord, to have a book out within six months of receiving the text.

As part of the 10th anniversary celebration theme of the book, it is presented both as an archive piece and a usable gaming

product. Every iteration
of the introduction
is presented. All of
the artwork from
previous editions
is presented in the
back of the book.
The Generator itself
is reproduced from
the original draft,
unedited except

for typos, unclear wording, and minor formatting, without conforming to the current style guides. We want to retain the feeling of the original printing, while also making sure it is as usable as possible.

Thank you for allowing me the indulgence of presenting this book again in a fancy edition, thank you for your support over the last ten years, and let's see what we can get done during the next ten.

— James Edward Raggi IV

# INTRODUCTION TO THE 2008 SELF-PUBLISHED VERSION

It really sucks to be a fanatic of classic (and only classic) fantasy role-playing games. The problem isn't some megalithic corporation creating players familiar with a new, rule-drenched, conflicting style under the same name that we use. No. Smart role-players recognize where the real gaming is, and it isn't in any game that needs its edition delineated by an edition number. No. An 'A' in front (or perhaps an 'O' if you're lucky enough to be that old), or not, that's all we need to know.

The problem is when we sit down to play, there's no wonder in it anymore. We enjoy playing the game. It might not even be for nostalgic reasons, either. It's a good game. The best. Ever. I've been playing this game for twenty-four years now. I have dice that are older than most of the players in my current group. Most of them never played these classic games before I came along. But every single one of them knows about the standards of the game, the little tricks, and most importantly, about the monsters. It has bled from the game into every other role-playing game, into video games, into 'literature.' A Referee can come up with interesting settings, and players will react appropriately. A Referee can come up with all sorts of plots, mundane and sublime, and players will react appropriately. A Referee can devise fiendishly clever traps and players will exercise due caution. But no matter how obliquely a monster is described, you can be sure the second that description ends, players will act with almost robotic predictability in their approach to fighting the monster. Of course they do! These classic games challenge the player as much as the character, and that's one of the things these newfangled versions don't do. That's a big reason why we don't like editions made by those card-game manufacturers, right?

This lack of wonder has to end for the sake of the game. The true sense of danger must be restored. Our cause is hurt when a new player already knows all about an encountered monster even though he's never encountered one in a game before. Our cause is hurt when a Referee has to scour three official monster books and still wants to look up things in periodicals and websites and third party releases for ideas because he's desperate for something different with which to challenge players... and our cause is hurt when the players are so experienced that they recognize the creature immediately anyway.

This publication is my attempt to help Referees everywhere re-introduce that sense of wonder by making it easy to introduce new and unique creatures into their game, on a consistent and constant basis, without taxing the Referee's creative urges or putting unreasonable demands on his time. This is also for all the players who wish for fresh experiences from the game they so dearly love. This is for the game...

Or maybe you just want some cool new critters for your game and you wish I'd shut the hell up with all this ideology and commentary. Maybe your sense of wonder hasn't dulled after three decades. Don't worry, this book is for you too.

You'll notice this is not released under any sort of license. I have worded this document to be 100% compatible with any and all classic, Class-based-with-six-ability-score

#### RANDOM ESOTERIC CREATURE GENERATOR

fantasy role-playing games published before 1989 by those with knowledge of Tactics, Strategy, and Resourcefulness. It's also 100% compatible with modern recreations of those same games. Using a license provided by those who changed the game so much is distasteful to me, because this has nothing to do with them. I will have to use that license in the future, but for now I am happy to be able to publish a product for my favorite game without needing to use one word written by those fuckers.

While the content in this book is not in any way 'open,' I want to make it perfectly clear that any creatures you create using this book are yours. Publish them on the internet, publish them in your own commercial work,

or just keep a notebook filled with your creations. Whatever you want. The method is mine, the results are all yours.

I do hope you will use this in your game, and I hope even more to hear about your play experiences using creatures generated with this book. Send me an email at lotfp@lotfp. com, or leave a note on the message board. Simple praise or constructive criticism is also more than welcome.

May your notebook become filled with the sheets of dead characters played by those who thought they had seen it all.

— James Edward Raggi IV

# PROPOSED INTRODUCTION TO THE GOODMAN GAMES VERSION

(written by an unknown Goodman Games writer)

Like the characters in our fantasy roleplaying games, we face dark times.

We enjoy playing the game. It might not even be for nostalgic reasons, either. It's a good game. The best. Ever. I've been playing this game for twenty-four years now. I have dice that are older than many of the players in my current group. Most of them never played these classic games before I came along. But every single one of them knows about the standards of the game, about the little tricks, and most importantly, about the monsters.

The monsters, a critical piece to any game that strives for the fantastic, have lost all sense of wonder. The common foes have bled into every other role-playing game, into video games, into 'literature.' A Referee can come up with interesting settings, and

players will react appropriately. A Referee can come up with all sorts of plots, mundane and sublime, and players will react appropriately. A Referee can devise fiendishly clever traps and players will exercise due caution. But no matter how obliquely a monster is described, you can be sure the second that description ends, players will act with almost-robotic predictability in their approach to fighting the monster. Of course they do!

Classic games challenge the player as much as the character, but when you're faced with a familiar monster, where's the challenge? Where is the fear, or the courage to overcome it? Where is the adventure?

This lack of wonder has to end for the sake of the game. The true sense of danger must be restored. Our cause is hurt when a new player already knows all about an encountered monster even though his character has never encountered one before. Our cause is hurt when a Referee has to scour three official monster books and still wants to look up things in periodicals and websites and third-party releases for ideas because he's desperate for something different with which to challenge players ... and our cause is hurt when the players are so experienced that they recognize the creature immediately anyway.

This publication is my attempt to help Referees everywhere reintroduce that sense of wonder by making it easy to introduce new and unique creatures into their game, on a consistent and constant basis, without taxing the Referee's creative urges or putting unreasonable demands on his time. This is also for all the players who wish for fresh experiences from the game they so dearly love. This is for the game...

Or maybe you just want some cool new critters for your game and you wish I'd shut the hell up with all this ideology and commentary. Maybe your sense of wonder hasn't dulled after three decades. Don't worry, this book is for you, too.

This document is 100% compatible with any and all classic, Class-based-with-six-ability-score fantasy role-playing games published before 1989 by those with knowledge of Tactics, Strategy, and Resourcefulness. It's also 100% compatible with modern recreations of those same games.

While the content in this book is not in any way 'open,' I want to make it perfectly clear that any creatures you create using this book are yours. Publish them on the Internet, publish them in your own commercial work, or just keep a notebook filled with your creations. Whatever you want. The method is mine, the results are all yours.

I do hope you will use this in your game, and I hope even more to hear about your play experiences using creatures generated with this book. Send me an e-mail at lotfp@ lotfp.com, or leave a note on the Goodman Games forums. Simple praise or constructive criticism is also more than welcome.

May your notebook become filled with the sheets of dead characters played by those who thought they had seen it all.

— James Edward Raggi IV



# FINAL INTRODUCTION TO THE GOODMAN GAMES VERSION

Traditional fantasy role-playing games stand at a crossroads. In one direction lies development – different designs, new paradigms, and modern influences that fundamentally change the gaming experience – stimulating a role-playing community fatigued by decades of gathered assumptions and play. In the other direction lies preservation, where the old ways and standards are continued and the classic procedures, influences, and traditions of the games, and the hobby as a whole, are celebrated and exposed to new generations of gamers.

The first approach tends to fragment the hobby – and the community – and create confusion over the meaning of commonly shared, but differently used, terms. Not all change is progress. The other path leads to stagnation and orthodoxy. That's wonderful if traditional games are to be kept as museum pieces, but it tends to wring the magic and delight out of a game intended for actual play.

I am far more sympathetic to the traditionalists. I've been playing these games for twenty-five years now. I enjoy playing the game, and it's not for nostalgic reasons. The best gaming I have ever done has been in just the past couple of years, using the exact same systems I used when I was a pre-teen. I believe these games are not old, but rather timeless, and are in no way deficient when directly compared to current games. And to prove this point, I do not just game with people like me; I have dice that are older than many of the players in my current group. Most of them never played these classic games before I came along. But every single one of them knows about the standards of

the game, about the little tricks, and most importantly, about the monsters.

The monsters, a critical piece to any game that strives for the fantastic, have lost all sense of wonder. The common foes have bled into every other role-playing game, into video games, into 'literature.' A Referee can come up with interesting settings, and players will react appropriately. A Referee can come up with all sorts of plots, mundane and sublime, and players will react appropriately. A Referee can devise fiendishly clever traps and players will exercise due caution. But no matter how obliquely a monster is described, you can be sure the second that description ends, players will act with almost-robotic predictability in their approach to fighting the monster. Of course they do!

Classic games challenge the player as much as the character, but when you're faced with a familiar monster, where's the challenge? Where is the fear, or the courage to overcome it? Where is the adventure?

This lack of wonder has to end for the sake of the game. The true sense of danger must be restored. The cause of promoting traditional games as vibrant and timeless is hurt when a new player already knows all about an encountered monster even though his character has never seen one before. The cause is hurt when a referee has to scour three official monster books and still wants to look up things in periodicals and websites and third-party releases for ideas because he's desperate for something different with which to challenge players ... and the cause is hurt when the players are so experienced that they recognize the creature immediately anyway.

This publication is my attempt to help Referees everywhere reintroduce that sense of wonder by making it easy to introduce new and unique creatures into their game, on a consistent and constant basis, without taxing the Referee's creative urges or putting unreasonable demands on his time. This is also for all the players who wish for fresh experiences from the game they so dearly love. This is for the game... Or maybe you just want some cool new critters for your game and you wish I'd shut the hell up with all this ideology and commentary. Maybe your sense of wonder hasn't dulled after three decades. Don't worry, this book is for you, too.

This document is 100% compatible with any and all classic, Class-based-with-six-ability score fantasy role-playing games published before 1989 by those with knowledge of Tactics, Strategy, and Resourcefulness. It's also 100% compatible with modern recreations of those same games.

While the content in this book is not in any way 'open,' I want to make it perfectly clear that any creatures you create using this book are yours. Publish them on the Internet, publish them in your own commercial work, or just keep a notebook filled with your creations. Whatever you want. The method is mine, the results are all yours. I do hope you will use this in your game, and I hope even more to hear about your play experiences using creatures generated with this book. Send me an e-mail at lotfp@lotfp.com, or leave a note on the Goodman Games forums. Simple praise or constructive criticism is also more than welcome.

May your notebook become filled with the sheets of dead characters played by those who thought they had seen it all.

EGG forever.

— James Edward Raggi IV





## **BUILDING THE MONSTER**

A wizard's tower filled with the abominations of countless unknown experiments. The long deserted shrine of a dread, forgotten god. Unexplored, hostile wilderness. The deepest recesses of the great underworld, between the strongholds where dark elves and mind-blasting squid-men dwell. In all these places, and more, lurk strange and terrifying creatures, the likes which have never been seen before. When in alien environments such as these, the tests to adventurers' bravery should be equally alien. Never mundane.

Creating suitable monstrosities for these locations is as simple as using the charts and tables on the following pages and using a little bit of mindpower to meld them together into pieces of living imagination. After basic familiarity with the tables is gained, creating one of these creatures can be done in mere minutes – certainly in no more time than it takes to flip through a volume of game monsters, select a suitable example, and copy down its statistics into your adventure notes.

Each creature begins with the same base values, and as the details are filled in about the creature, these values will change. Referees should note that if they have a flash of inspiration, whether on their own or inspired by these charts, they are encouraged (urged!) to ignore the charts and die rolls in favor of their inspiration, using them only to fill in whatever details are needed. If a Referee already has an idea for a creature and just needs some help in a few areas, they are free to just use the charts they wish.

Here is the basic information each creature starts with:

#### **ALIGNMENT**

At best, these creatures are merely animals. Perverted inversions of what was meant to be natural, yes, but perhaps they are just very hungry, very hostile animals and would be considered neutral in the grand wars of good and evil, law and chaos. If they are not natural, they are surely the worst of evil, living only to rend and tear without the intelligence to be formally aligned with any faction. Very chaotic in their actions, and very evil in their intent.

#### AC

Different versions of the game use AC differently. Some have a basic value of 10, or 9, and lowers as armor improves. Some have a basic level of 11 and increase as armor improves. Some use different values. No matter which version of the game is being used, every new creature's AC begins at the value possessed by an average, unarmored human. Whenever a creature is said to gain a bonus or improvement to its AC, that of course makes its AC better. Penalties of course make the AC worse.

#### DAMAGE

The base damage of each of the creature's attacks is 1d6. If there is a call during creature creation to increase a die type, then a d4 would become d6, a d10 would become d12, 3d6 would become 3d8, etc. Decreasing a die type would make a d8 become a d6 and so on. Increasing the number of dice would result in 1d6 becoming 2d6, 2d4 becoming 3d4, with decreasing number of dice simply being the opposite.

#### **EXPERIENCE**

Each game has its own way of calculating the experience value of defeated opponents. Use those guidelines, as it is out of the scope of this book to specifically note such details for each possible game.

#### HD

This is the most important detail for any new monster, and it is the one that is impossible to assign according to any set rule. It is up to the Referee to decide how the creature is to be used.

As one rough guideline, if the player characters are all first, second, or third level (on average), then the creature should be 1d4-2 + (average character level) HD. If the characters are between fourth and seventh level, then the creature should be 1d6+(half of the average character level) HD. If the characters are eight level or higher, then the creature should be 1d10+(half of the average character level). Perhaps the 'dungeon level' that the creature is encountered could instead be used as a guide, with the first through third dungeon levels having the 1d3-1 +(dungeon level) HD and above that, 1d4+(dungeon level) HD. Note that these are very rough guidelines, and with the random nature of these creatures it would be impossible to give any sort of solid guidelines to determine what hit dice would be appropriate for any monster opposing any particular character level party.

Not that it is necessary to balance one of these creatures to the party. As long as the creature is not blocking any required goal or necessary path, a creature that the adventurers must run from can be a very good lesson to the foolhardy party. Adventurers are in hostile territory every second that they explore the unknown – and if they trust that a Referee

will never throw anything too tough in their way, the players will never respect their environment the way they should. Referees should nonetheless avoid an 'instant-kill' situation, because that is just as unfair as making every creature a pushover.

#### INTELLIGENCE

The creatures this book is designed to deal with are for all intents and purposes mindless killing machines on the level of rabid animals. They are intended to be foes for characters in an adventurous fantasy role-playing game. This does not mean that they are stupid combatants or lack cunning! Nothing stops a Referee from granting any creature great intelligence (or any other feature he damn well pleases!), but an intelligent foe should be carefully considered and placed and utilized in a campaign, and should never be a mere random encounter... and such usage is beyond the scope of this work.

#### MORALE

Some games gives creatures a morale statistic to determine their reliability and bravery in combat, and Referees using those systems should simply roll 1d8+4 to determine morale. It should be assumed, given the supernatural and bestial nature of all of these creatures, that they are fierce and relentless predators that are used to preying on whatever crosses their path.

#### MOVEMENT

A creature's base movement is identical to that of an unarmored, normal human. Adjustments are to be applied to this base movement rate. Any creature that ends up with a 0 movement must have some sort of attack or special ability which allows it to lure prey from a distance.

#### **ATTACKS**

Each creature starts with 1 attack per round.

#### **APPEARING**

Each of these creatures is intended to be utterly unique. As fantasy literature evokes the fantastic and eschews standardization of its wild beasts, so shall this book. Nothing stops a Referee from enjoying a creature so much that it becomes a regular campaign feature, but be warned that a monster will never inspire the same sense and wonder in players the second time it is encountered.

It is possible that smaller or less powerful creatures could be encountered in a pack. As long as such a pack is still a one-time encounter, it should provide a suitable amount of distress for an adventuring party.

#### **PSYCHIC ABILITY**

Oh please.

#### **SAVING THROWS**

It seems standard that most monsters make saving throws as warriors of the same HD. If a creature seems closer to another saving throw archetype, a Referee should free to use those tables instead. Or if your game uses a different saving throw mechanic, the nature of these creature would make them primarily physical beings, unless a certain special ability suggests to the Referee that it should be otherwise.

#### **TREASURE**

It is impossible to come up with exact specifications for the treasure these creatures will have. In general, they do not purposefully collect treasure. However, there may be a significant amount of treasure to be found in the creature's lair amongst the creature's waste and remains of prey. This is up to the Referee to decide in his own game.

To recap, all creatures start off with AC equal to that of an unarmored normal man, they have the movement rate of an unarmored normal man, and they have one attack that does 1d6 damage.

From here, most of the details about these creatures will be randomly generated. There will be times where these random combinations of characteristics will make no sense. This is not a bad thing; anything that challenges the players' sense of normality and complacency will benefit the game. Much of the particulars will be mere appearance and fluff, and not threatening to the characters. A Referee should never let the players know this, as an assumed threat is always better than an actual threat. They'll jump through all of the hoops and act the way they should in their alien environment, without the actual danger of being taken out of play. These circumstances should be relished and pushed whenever possible.

And when the players think their characters face an easy challenge and blindly charge into battle... show them no mercy.



# **BASIC BODY SHAPE**

The first step in putting together a unique creation is determining the basic body type of the creature. Roll 2d10 and consult the following table:

#### **TABLE: BASIC BODY SHAPE**

2D10	SHAPE	NOTE	5	
2	Flat	manta		nt not quite, a two-dimensional being, similar to a eature. It travels on land by slithering. The creature alty.
3-4	Amoeba			ite physical form at all. This creature will have no ithering. The creature has a -10' movement penalty.
5-10	Biped	This cre manipu		ht on two limbs and has two limbs it uses for basic
11	Combination	making make n most ac could n still hav	g the additional rol to sense good. Do dvantageous to the nean: Biped and Q ve two additional li	e the results. If this result comes up again, keep alls and combining the rolls. If the combinations on not combine movement bonuses; instead use the creature. Some examples of what combinations uadruped: The creature will walk on four limbs, but imbs used for manipulation. Whether the creature to be like a centaur) is entirely up to the Referee.
12-16	Quadruped			ur limbs, although the creature may be capable of tack. The creature has a +10' movement bonus.
17-19	Serpentine		eature has a slim, lo eature has a -10' mo	ong body with no limbs and moves by slithering.
20	Polyhedron	The cre	ature is some sort	of geometric shape. Roll 2d10:
		2	Icosahedron	The creature has twenty sides. It will simply roll around at standard speeds if it does not have some sort of flight.
		3-5	Pentagonal	The creature has ten sides. It will be immobile if
			Trapezohedron	it does not have some method of moving itself.
		6-8	Tetrahedron	The creature is shaped like a pyramid. It will be immobile if it does not have some method of moving itself.
		9-13	Sphere	The creature is essentially a sphere. It will simply roll around at standard speeds if it does not have some sort of flight.
		14 – 16	Hexahedron	The creature is shaped like a cube. It will be immobile if it does not have some method of moving itself.
		17 – 19	Octahedron	The creature has eight sides. It will be immobile if it does not have some method of moving itself.
		20	Dodecahedron	The creature has twelve sides. It will simply roll around, with a +20' movement bonus (it just won't stop!), if it does not have another movement method.

### **BASIC CHARACTERISTICS**

Now that the basic shape of the creature is known, the first identifying characteristics of the body can be determined. These results should be layered on top of the basic body shape to discover its overall form. Roll 2d10 and consult the following table:

#### TABLE: BASIC CHARACTERISTICS

2D10	TYPE	NOTES
2-3	Fish	The creature will be able to breathe water and will be covered in scales or have a thick hide. The creature gets a +1d4 AC bonus.
4-7	Avian	The creature will be warm blooded and be covered with feathers. The creature gets a +1d4-1 AC bonus.
8	Plant	This creature is a plant of some sort. What sort of plant (fungus, lichen, leafy, etc this is a broad definition of 'plant') should be determined by the environment it is found in and by Referee decision. Plants will generally not move (although it is possible to adapt later features from these charts onto a plant creature at the Referee's pleasure) and have no 'obvious' attack form. Referees should make sure that they have some threat capability before completing the creature. The creature is immobile and has no movement abilities.
9-10	Reptile	The creature is cold-blooded and covered in scales. It will have a maw full of sharp teeth, giving it a bite attack. The creature will automatically have a bite attack and a +1d8 AC bonus.
11	Combination	Re-roll twice and combine the results. If this result comes up again, keep making the additional rolls and combining the rolls. If the combinations make no sense good. Do not add AC adjustments; instead use the most advantageous for the creature. Some examples of what combinations could mean:
12-14	Mammal	The creature is warm-blooded and will have some sort of body hair or fur. This will give a +1d6–1 AC bonus; the higher the bonus, the thicker the fur.
15 – 18	Insect	The creature has hard, chitinous skin giving it an AC bonus. It will also have a minimum of six limbs, and if the creature currently has less than this amount, add additional legs until it has six. The creature will have the wall crawling movement method as well. The creature has a +1d6 AC bonus.
19-20	Crustacean	The creature has a hard shell around its body, and its limbs will be claws. The creature will have 1 claw attack per manipulating limb and a +1d6+4 AC bonus.

To help flesh out the basic characteristics, here are some examples of each type. Some are intentionally misclassified (whales as fish, for example), but the important thing is the general type, not ecological classification. Note that nothing on this table suggests special abilities of any sort – this is just for the sake of appearance.

#### **TABLE: GENERAL TYPE**

#### Avian 1d20

- Albatross 1.
- Bat 2.
- Blue Jay 3.
- Cardinal 4.
- Crane 5.
- 6. Crow
- Duck 7.
- 8. Eagle
- Hawk 9.
- Hummingbird 10.
- Oriole 11.
- 12. Owl
- Parrot 13.
- Pigeon 14.
- Raven 15.
- Roadrunner 16.
- Sparrow 17.
- Swan 18.
- 19. Vulture
- 20. Woodpecker

#### Crustacean 1d6

- Barnacle 1.
- Clam 2.
- Conch 3.
- Crab 4.
- Horseshoe Crab 5.
- 6. Lobster

#### Fish 1d20

- 1. Angelfish Barracuda 2.
- Bass 3.
- Carp 4.
- Catfish 5.
- Dolphin 6.
- Eel 7.
- 8. Gar
- Lamprey 9.
- 10. Loach
- Manatee 11.
- Piranha 12..
- Ray 13.
- 14. Seahorse
- 15. Shark
- 16. Shark. Hammerhead
- 17. Snapper
- 18. Swordfish
- 19. Trout
- 20. Whale

#### Insect 1d12

- Ant 1.
- Bee 2.
- Beetle 3.
- Butterfly 4.
- Cricket 5.
- 6. Dragonfly
- Earwig 7.
- Fly 8.
- Grasshopper 9.
- 10. Mantis
- Scorpion
- Spider 12.

#### **Mammal** 1d3 then 1d10

- 1. Aardvark
- 2. Antelope
- 3. Ape
- Bear 4.
- Beaver
- 5.
- 6. Camel
- Cat 7.
- Cattle 8.
- Deer 9.
- 10. Dog
- Elephant 11.
- Fox 12..
- Giraffe 13.
- Hippopotamus
- 15. Horse
- 16. Human
- 17. Kangaroo
- 18. Koala
- Monkey 19.
- 20. Panda
- Pig 21.
- Platypus 22.
- Porcupine 23.
- 24. Rabbit
- Rat 25.
- 26. Rhino
- 27. Skunk
- 28. Squirrel
- 29. Weasel
- 30. Wolf

#### Plant 1d2 then 1d8

- 1. Cactus
- Fern 2.
- Flower 3.
- Flytrap 4. Fruit 5.
- 6. Grass
- Mold 7.
- Mushroom 8.
- Shrub 9.
- 10. Sundew
- Thorn Bush 11.
- 12. Tree, Leafy
- Tree, Needle 13.
- 14. Tree. Willow Vegetable 15.
- Vines 16.

### Reptile 1d6

- 1. Alligator
- Frog 2.
- Lizard 3.
- Salamander 4.
- Snake 5.
  - Turtle

## SIZE

Determine how large the creature is by rolling 2d10 and consulting the following table. If the size of the creature is too big for the environment in which it is encountered, the Referee should simply use the largest size that makes sense. Of course, if the creature later turns out to have a movement ability like tunneling or phasing, the creature should be restored to its originally rolled size.

#### **TABLE: SIZE**

2D10	SIZE	NOTES
2-3	Tiny	-2 HD, decrease damage by two die types, Number Appearing is 2d10
4-6	Small	-1 HD, decrease damage by one die type, Number Appearing is 1d8
7-10	Human-Sized	No Changes.
11-13	Large	+1 HD, increase damage by one die type
14-16	Huge	+2 HD, increase damage by two die types, +10' Movement.
17-19	Enormous	Double HD, Damage has an extra die added, +20' Movement.
20	Run! It's Godzilla!	Triple HD, Damage is increased two die types and doubled (1d4 becomes 2d8, 1d6 becomes 2d10, etc), +30' movement



# **MOVEMENT**

A Referee should have a decent idea of how the creature moves along just from its basic characteristics. The following table is to suggest alternate forms of movement for the creature.

#### **TABLE: MOVEMENT**

2D10	SIZE	NOTES
2	Phasing	The creature can pass through walls and surfaces made of a specific material without leaving evidence of its passing. Note that weapons made of this material will do no damage to the creature and the creature ignores any armor made of the material. Magical bonuses still apply in all cases. For example, if a character with a +1 sword struck a creature able to move through metal, it would still do 1 point of damage because of the +1. To determine the material, roll d4:  1: Stone 2: Soft Earth 3: Metal 4: Wood  Creatures that phase also need a conventional method of movement, so roll
		again.
3	Tunneling	The creature is able to burrow through the earth and/or stone, leaving a tunnel behind it. This will always be in addition to the creature's regular movement method. The movement rate will be 1/3rd that of its fastest movement rate.
4-5	Slithering	The creature moves along its belly. Although it may have limbs that it uses to propel itself forward, it does not stand on those limbs. The creature suffers a -10' movement penalty. This movement method replaces any other land movement method.
6-12	Standard	This is the standard movement method suggested by the creature's basic shape and features. If it looks like a creature would therefore have no real movement method, then it is immobile.
13	Multiple Methods	Roll twice and give the creature both movement types. If the same movement method is rolled multiple times, give it a +30' movement rate with that method.
14-15	Flying	The creature can move through the air in any direction at its standard movement rate.
16-17	Swimming	The creature can move across (and under) water at its standard movement rate.
18	Wall-Crawling	The creature can move along walls and ceilings just as easily as it can move on the ground. This will always be in addition to the creature's regular movement method. If the creature has no land movement method to start, it does not gain wall-crawling abilities.
19	Jumping	The creature moves its full movement rate, but is only in contact with the ground at the very beginning and very end of its movement, as well as at any point at which it turns.
20	Levitating	The creature never touched the ground. Instead, it floats in the air. This is not true flight; the creature must remain within, say, ten feet of a solid surface.

## **ATTACK METHODS**

A creature's physical attack methods may already be suggested by its basic characteristics. In that case, simply use the descriptions here as a guide to flesh out those attack forms. Otherwise, roll on the following table to determine what sort of basic attack the creature has:

#### TABLE: ATTACK METHOD

1D10	SIZE	NOTES
1	Projectile	The creature has an additional ranged attack that does standard damage. The range of the attack should depend on the creature's HD. If it is a low (less than 4) HD creature, then the attack has the range of a dagger. If it is a high (more than 8) HD creature, it has the range of a long bow, otherwise it has the range of a short bow.
2-3	Claw	The creature has rending claws. Its main attack does +1 damage per die. For example, a 1d6 attack now becomes 1d6+1, a 2d8 attack becomes 2d8+2.
4-5	Bash	The creature merely mauls its prey with clubbing blows, doing standard damage.
6-7	Bite	The creature has a dangerous bite, whether due to pure strength, razor-sharp teeth, or mandibles, as dictated by the creature's other features and Referee decision. Increase the creature's main attack by one die type.
8	Spikes/Horns	The creature's method of attack has horns, spikes, thorns, or other such pointy bits protruding from it. Add a damage die to the attack.
9	Tail	The creature has a tail that gives it an additional attack. This attack does one die type of damage less than its regular attack.
10	Multiple	Roll twice, the creature has both attack forms. If the same attack form comes up, it simply gains an additional attack with that form, or in the case of Spikes/Horns, all attack options gain an additional die of damage.





### **DISTINCTIVE FEATURES**

The key to making a creature truly memorable is in its physical description. Once the dice start rolling and people start taking damage, the in-game mystique often takes a turn towards practical combat matters... which might be a good thing, and 'realistic,' as that adrenaline rush certain removes all distracting factors in the real world, right? So the time to burn a new creature in the memory of players is in the first description given to them. Roll on the following table until the creature feels complete. And yes, there is a 'multiple features' entry which would seem to be redundant with that statement, but that roll should force some added creativity... perhaps.

#### **TABLE: DISTINCTIVE FEATURES**

D100	DISTINCTIVE FEATURE
01	<b>Albino:</b> The creature's outer surfaces and hair are all very pale (often white) and its eyes are pink or red.
02	Antlers: The creature has a large rack of antlers on its head.
03 - 04	<b>Beak:</b> Instead of (in addition to?) teeth, the creature has a sharp stabbing surface around its mouth. At minimum, the creature will have a bite attack.
05-06	<b>Blood-Drenched:</b> The creature is continually covered in blood, which it secretes much in the same the way people sweat. Every movement the creature makes, every attack it makes, and every blow it takes will spatter blood around the battlefield.
07-08	<b>Boiling/Steaming Body:</b> The creature has a ridiculously high body temperature, and it constantly emits steam and occasional jets of boiling water. Any bite it has is increased by one die type (boiling saliva), and any hold attacks are increased by one additional die. Any coldbased spells only have one-half their normal effect or no effect at all if a saving throw is made.
09-10	<b>Constantly Shedding:</b> The creature loses its skin at a very rapid rate, making it very easy to track and making its lair very distinctive. The nature of the shed skin should be very repulsive and without seeing the creature first, exactly what the discarded skin actually is should be a macabre mystery with which to puzzle the players.
11-12	Distinctive Markings: The creature has some sort of distinctive markings or patterns on its body. Roll a 1d20:  1-3 Spots 12 Shifting Patterns 4-6 Stripe 13-15 Colored Bands 7-10 Stripes 16-18 Geometric Patterns 11 Tattoos 19-20 Colored Patches
13	<b>Elongated Neck:</b> The creature's neck is long and articulated, so it can attack past the front rank of foes much as a spear can.
14	<b>Expanded Bone Structure:</b> The creature's bones are outside of the body as well as inside, giving it a +1d6 bonus to its AC.
15-16	<b>Eye Stalks:</b> The creature's eyes are outside of its head, allowing for a greater field of vision. The creature has a 1 less chance in 6 to be surprised.
17	<b>Faces:</b> The creature has 1d4 additional non-functional faces on its body. If a 4 is rolled, roll again, if a 4 comes up again, then the creature is <i>covered</i> with faces.
18	<b>Fin:</b> The creature has a large fin across its head and back, as some lizards do.

Dice	
D100	DISTINCTIVE FEATURE
19	<b>Fin:</b> The creature, even if land-based, has fins much like a fish or a shark.
20-21	<b>Glowing Eyes:</b> The creature's eyes glow in the dark. This gives it a 1 in 6 less chance to surprise foes that do not have the ability to see in the dark – but no penalty to surprise those that can!
22-23	<b>Hair:</b> The creature has hair of some sort, even if totally inappropriate for its body type or other characteristics. Roll a d10 to determine how hairy it is, a 10 meaning it is completely covered with long, thick fur.
24	<b>Hood:</b> When the creature enters combat, a hood of skin (much like a cobra, but not limited to such a shape) expands behind the creature's head giving it a more fearsome appearance.
25	$\textbf{Horns:} \ The \ creature \ has \ large \ horns \ on \ its \ head, though \ it \ does \ not \ use \ them \ for \ combat \ purposes.$
26	<b>Icy/Cold Body:</b> The creature's body is so cold that the moisture in the surrounding air freezes and forms a solid lair of ice around the creature's body. Any magical cold attack does -1 damage per die and the first fire based attack of a combat does no damage, but it does remove the ice. While the ice is present, the creature receives a +1d4 AC bonus.
27-28	<b>Illusionary Features:</b> Roll again on this table to determine another feature. There is a 25% chance it will have a special attack associated with it. The thing is, it isn't real. It's just an illusion.
29-30	<b>Mechanical Features:</b> The creature is in some way mechanical, whether this is clockwork, steam-powered, or whatever the Referee decides. Movement is reduced by half and AC is increased 1d4+2.
31-32	<b>Metal-Like Features:</b> The creature's hide resembles a hard metal surface. It receives a +1d4+4 bonus to AC.
33-34	<b>Multiple Arms:</b> The creature has double the number of arms or one set of arms if the body type usually has none. Add one bashing attack or double the usual number of attacks delivered by limbs as appropriate.
35	<b>Multiple Heads:</b> The creature has an additional head. Its chances of being surprised are reduced by 1 in 6 per additional head. If it has a bite attack, it gains an additional such attack for each additional head.
36-37	<b>Multiple Legs:</b> The creature has double the usual number of legs. Increase all land movement rates by 20'.
38-39	Multiple Eyes: The creature has 1 less in 6 chance of being surprised.
40-41	<b>Odor:</b> The creature emits a strong, recognizable odor. This decreases its chance of surprising opponents by 1 in 6.
42-43	<b>On Fire!</b> The creature is actually on fire, and any attack it makes, or any physical contact made against it, results in the touched opponent taking damage as if getting splashed by burning oil. Flammable items (clothing, wooden weapons, etc) may also catch fire.
44-45	<b>Oozing Sores:</b> The creature is covered with slime and pus and foul goop streaming from open sores on its body. If the creature has a special attack, then coming into physical contact with the ooze is a good way to deliver this attack.
46-47	<b>Plant Features:</b> The creature has characteristics of plant matter: Leaves, branches, roots, and/or vines growing out of random places on the creature's body. Perhaps there is even fruit or berries growing on the creature. What happens when you eat these?
48-49	<b>Prehensile Tongue:</b> The creature's tongue is able to grab things. If the creature is Enormous or 'Run! It's Godzilla!', this gives the creature a Hold special attack.
50	<b>Pulsating Skin:</b> The creature's skin constantly shifts and bubbles and throbs noticeably.

D100	DISTINCTIVE FEATURE
51-52	<b>Rocklike Features:</b> The surface of the creature's body resembles rocky formations more than skin. This gives it a +1d4+2 AC bonus.
53-54	<b>Rubber-Boned:</b> The creature's bones are soft and pliable and impossible to break – or perhaps it doesn't have any real bones at all. Blunt weapons do no damage to the creature (although any magical bonuses do count towards damage).
55 – 56	<b>Rubbery Body:</b> The creature's internal structure is more or less normal (or better yet, recognizeable), but its skin is very rubbery and things tend to bounce off of it. Any attack which naturally rolls less than half of its possible damage (for example, a roll of 1–3 for a weapon that does 1d6 damage, before any modifiers) bounces off and does no harm to the creature. Missile weapons which bounce so have a 10% chance of bouncing directly at another random combatant, and if this happens, the original attacker should make new to-hit and damage rolls against the new target.
57-58	<b>Scales:</b> The creature has scales on the surface of its body, giving it a +1d4 bonus to its AC.
59 – 60	<b>Serpent Appendages:</b> The creature has snakes coming out of certain parts of its body in addition to its normal characteristics. The Referee should decide where the snakes are. This gives the creature an additional attack in melee and anyone being hit by this attack must make a saving throw versus poison or die.
61-62	<b>Shade Form:</b> The creature can become a living shadow. It becomes effectively invisible in low light or shadowy environments, and has a 5 in 6 chance of surprising foes. Note that while in this form, it cannot attack physical beings and can only be attacked by magical effects or magic weapons.
63 – 64	<b>Shambling Gait:</b> The creature moves in a jerky, unpredictable manner. The creature's movement is decreased by 10'.
65-66	<b>Shell:</b> The creature has a turtle- or crab-like or similar shell, giving it a +1d4+2 bonus to its AC.
67-68	<b>Shimmering Body:</b> The creature's hide reflects light in a way similar to an oil/water mixture, giving it shifting, kaleidoscope-like colors.
69 – 70	<b>Skeletal Appearance:</b> The creature's appearance is so lean and drawn that the internal bone structure is its most striking visible feature.
71 – 72	<b>Slimy:</b> The creature is covered in a thick, viscous ooze which trails behind it.
73 – 74	<b>Speech:</b> The creature can speak in a language at least one of its foes can understand. This does not mean the creature has any measurable intelligence, but merely is able to parrot what it has heard before. The Referee should do his best to unnerve the players and their characters with what this thing says. Likely the only speech it has ever heard is what its previous prey has said (and screamed) before being devoured. Imagine what a parrot would have picked up in Jeffrey Dahmer's apartment and embellish from there.
75 – 76	<b>Stinger:</b> The creature has an additional attack doing standard damage from a stinger located on its tail or backside area. If the creature already has a tail attack, this replaces that attack. The stinger attack will be some sort of special attack rather than a standard attack.
77 – 78	Suction Cups on Limbs: The creature automatically has wallcrawling ability.
79 – 80	Tail: The creature has a tail which it can use to make an extra attack.
81-82	<b>Tentacles:</b> The creature has tentacles which it can use to attack and/or entangle enemies. The creature gains an additional attack which allows it to use the hold special attack and there is a 50% chance that the tentacles have the same effect as a tail attack and the creature gains two additional such attacks.

#### D100 DISTINCTIVE FEATURE

- **83 84 Transparent:** The creature's outer features are completely transparent, allowing all of its internal structure to be seen. This is very unpleasant to look at.
- **85–86 Unusual Color:** The creature's pigmentation is unusual. Roll 1d10 twice, once for primary color and then for 'detail' color. Roll another die if you wish to judge brightness (higher means a brighter color).

 1
 Red
 3
 Orange
 5
 Blue
 7
 Black
 9
 Grey

 2
 Yellow
 4
 Green
 6
 Violet
 8
 White
 10
 Brown

- 87–88 Weapons for Hands: Instead of its usual mauling paws or claws or talons or thorned fronds or whatever the creature strikes with, it instead has a random non-dagger or staff melee weapon in their place. This weapon is an intrinsic part of the creature, and does damage as the weapon normally does (adjusted for the creature's size). If the weapon would do less damage than the creature's normal claw attack, use the creature's existing damage value. Beware The Bardiche-Handed Terror!
- **89–90 Wet/Drenched Body:** The creature sweats or otherwise is perpetually so soaked to the degree that it leaves a wet trail everywhere it goes and any place it sleeps quickly becomes a pool. Any fire or heat-based spells only have one-half their normal effect or no effect at all if a saving throw is made.
- **91–92 Wings:** The creature has wings of a type appropriate to its form (or not, as the Referee desires) and automatically has flight as a movement method.
- 93–99 Multiple Features: Re-roll twice and combine the results. If this result comes up again, keep making additional rolls and combining the rolls. If the combinations make no sense... good. Use all modifiers for all options.
- **Special!** The creature has some very special qualities about it. Roll 1d6:
  - 1 The creature is merely a baby, and if it is defeated, its mother is going to be pissed. At some point, 1d4 weeks in the future, the creature's enemies will be attacked by this larger version of what they have just defeated, which will have half-again the HD, be one size category larger, and it will be in quite a foul mood.
  - 2 The creature is actually a polymorphed adventurer of a random Class and Level. This character has no control over his actions and only if the polymorph is dispelled will the character regain their faculties.
  - 3 The creature is an infernal being from the pits of hell or some lower dimension of evil. It has all of the abilities that such creatures possess in a particular game system.
  - 4 The creature is protected by some unholy power and whoever strikes the killing blow upon it will suffer some horrible curse that will require a high level priest to remove... but only after performing a dangerous quest.
  - 5 The creature is a mad elder god that is not happy with his current form. The first character to do damage to the creature has his soul exchanged with it. However, each retains control of their original body, but the creature will no longer attack that character. What will happen is if the creature's body dies, then the elder god will take control of the character's body and it will seek to hide the change until such times as it can leave the party peacefully to rebuild its lost cult. If the character dies, then the character takes control of the monster's body, but remember it won't be able to speak (unless the creature has the speech feature) and possibly not even gesture depending on what limbs it has.
  - **6** The creature is a gate to another plane and killing the creature will open the gate.



### **SPECIAL ABILITIES**

The base chance of a creature to have a special ability is its HD × 10%. To determine how many special abilities a creature has, roll percentile dice. For every full 10% under its base chance, the creature has one special ability. **Special abilities marked with an asterisk** will have a specific way they are performed; roll on the Delivery of Special Attacks table for each ability.

Some of the abilities talk about saving throws. As each individual game handles saving throws somewhat differently, exact information on what type of saving throws are not given, but Referees should use common sense and common traditions for the game. If saving throws are based on attributes, then match the attack to the attribute as best as possible. If the game uses a more classic saving throw table, start at the left-most saving throw category and move to the right, using the first saving throw category that fits for the attack.

#### **TABLE: SPECIAL ABILITIES**

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
2	<b>Drain: Charisma: 2 points*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose two points of Charisma with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
3	<b>Drain: Charisma: 3 points*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose three points of Charisma with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
4	<b>Drain: Constitution: 2 points*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose two points of Constitution with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
5	<b>Drain: Constitution: 3 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose three points of Constitution with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
6	<b>Drain: Dexterity: 2 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose two points of Dexterity with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
7	<b>Drain: Dexterity: 3 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose three points of Dexterity with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
8	<b>Drain: Intelligence: 2 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose two points of Intelligence with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
9	<b>Drain: Intelligence: 3 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose three points of Intelligence with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
10	<b>Drain: Strength: 2 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose two points of Strength with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
11	<b>Drain: Strength: 3 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose three points of Strength with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
12.	<b>Drain: Wisdom: 2 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose two points of Wisdom with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
13	<b>Drain: Wisdom: 3 point*:</b> Characters subjected to this attack lose three points of Wisdom with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour.
14	<b>Absorption:</b> All damage rolled against the creature add to its HP total rather than subtract from it. The creature can never inflict harm upon itself to increase its hit points (such as jumping off of a cliff) or maybe it can, if the Referee wishes. There will always be one sort of attack that will do actual harm (nothing lame like healing spells some actual damaging sort of attack) to the creature.

#### **2D100 SPECIAL ABILITY** Acid for Blood: The creature has intense acid for blood, and being struck by any cutting or 15 piercing weapon will cause acidic blood to issue forth, destroying the weapon and splashing the attacking character, causing him to take damage as if he were doused in flaming oil. **Undead Arise!:** The creature can animate corpses as skeletons or zombies as appropriate at a 16 rate of 2d6 per round. Animate Non-Living Object: The creature can make inanimate objects come to 'life' and move 17 around and fight on its behalf. The amount of material that may be thus animated is 5 cubic feet per HD of the creature. Animated objects will move slowly, and strike (attacking as well as the creature animating them) for anywhere between 1 HP damage (small, hard objects) to 5d4 HP damage (huge, heavy objects). The animated objects' AC and HP are to be determined by the Referee. Animate Plant: The creature can make plants come to life' and fight on its behalf. The amount 18 of material that may be thus animated is 5 cubic feet per HD of the creature. The Referee must decide on the power of the animated plants based on what is in the environment. Shrubs and tall weeds or grass and such can only slow down an enemy, while an average tree could 10 HD and strike for 2d6 damage per round, for example. Animate Rock: The creature can make stone objects come to 'life' and move around and fight 19 on its behalf. The amount of material that may be thus animated is 5 cubic feet per HD of the creature. This ability pretty much only works on loose stones and boulders, as it does not change the shape of rock, so pseudopods won't grow out of a cave wall to strike enemies, for example. It could make stalactites drop from cave roofs and other similar effects, however. **Anti-Animal Sphere:** No mundane living creature may come within 10' of the creature. 20 'Mundane' includes any creature that has no inherent magical properties. **Anti-Magic Sphere:** Magic will not work for, against, or around the creature in any way 21 whatsoever, in a 10' radius around the creature. Any fantastic or magical spell, item, or power simply will not work. Characters under the effect of a spell can't approach it, dragons can't use their breath weapon, etc. If it wouldn't work in the real world, it can't get within this circle. A creature with this ability can have no supernatural abilities. Anti-Plant Sphere: No living vegetable matter (including fungus, molds, slimes, oozes, etc) can come within 10' of the creature without instantly dying. **Blurred:** The creature is out of synch with the physical dimension. The first attack any 23 character makes against it automatically misses and it gets a +1d4 bonus to its AC and a +1d4 bonus to all saving throws. Damage Does Not Heal: Any damage inflicted by the creature will never heal. Only powerful 24 (Seventh Level or greater) magic can heal these wounds. All other damage a character takes can be healed by the usual means. Dance\*: A character subject to this attack must make a saving throw or begin dancing 25 uncontrollably for 1d4+1 rounds. A dancing character can cast no spells, make no attacks, automatically fails any saving throws, and suffers a -4 penalty to AC (and cannot use a shield). **Destroys Stone\*:** The creature's attack destroys any stone object it touches. If it is not an area 26 effect attack, then it destroys one item per hit (start with the largest and work down from there). Magical items are not affected. **Destroys Wood\***: The creature's attack destroys any wood object it touches. If it is not an area 27 effect attack, then it destroys one item per hit (start with the largest and work down from there). Magical items are not affected. 28 Disintegrate\*: Any creature or object subject to this attack must make a saving throw or be vaporized.

#### **2D100 SPECIAL ABILITY** Dismissal\*: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be teleported 29 1d1000 feet away in a random direction (into the open space nearest the determined location). Dispel Magic: Instead of attacking during a round, the creature can dispel magic, using its HD 30 to determine effectiveness. **Duplicates Upon Being Hit:** Whenever the creature is damaged, it separates into two separate 31 creatures, each with the new lower HP total, each acting independently and attacking the same as the 'full' creature did. **Duplications:** The creature can generate 1d4+1 mirror images once per combat. 32 Drain: Charisma: 1 point\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose one point of Charisma with 33 no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Charisma: Random Effect\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose 1d6 points of 34 Charisma (roll for each attack) with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Constitution: 1 point\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose one point of Constitution 35 with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Constitution: Random Effect\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose 1d6 points of 36 Constitution (roll for each attack) with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Dexterity: 1 point\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose one point of Dexterity with 37 no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Dexterity: Random Effect\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose 1d6 points of Dexterity 38 (roll for each attack) with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Intelligence: 1 point\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose one point of Intelligence 39 with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Intelligence: Random Effect\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose 1d6 points of 40 Intelligence (roll for each attack) with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Strength: 1 point\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose one point of Strength with 41 no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Strength: Random Effect\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose 1d6 points of Strength 42 (roll for each attack) with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Wisdom: 1 point\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose one point of Wisdom with no 43 saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Drain: Wisdom: Random Effect\*: Characters subjected to this attack lose 1d6 points of Wisdom 44 (roll for each attack) with no saving throw. The lost points return at a rate of 1 per hour. Clairaudience: The creature can hear things within 50' of it, even if there are interposing 45 barriers such as walls, floors, ceilings, etc. Clairvoyance: The creature can see things within 50' even if it has no direct line of sight, for 46 example, through walls, around corners, etc. Confusion\*: A character subject to this attack must make a saving throw versus Spells every 47 round or act in a random manner. Roll 1d4: Attacks nearest creature Stands perfectly still, doing nothing Runs in a random direction Attacks friends

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
48	<b>Contagious: Reincarnates:</b> If the creature kills a character, within 3d12 hours, the dead chaarcter will transform physically into another such creature and rise as a mindless beast unless the curse is removed. Merely raising the character from the dead doesn't stop the process, instead the character is infected and will pass on the "contagion" to others that it kills.
49	<b>Damage Heals Only By Natural Healing:</b> Any damage inflicted by the creature can only be healed through natural rest; magical healing (spells, potions) of less than Seventh Level in power will not cure it. All other damage a character takes can be healed by the usual means.
50	<b>Death*</b> : A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or die instantly.
51	<b>Destroys Metal*:</b> The creature's attack destroys any metal object it touches. If it is not an area effect attack, then it destroys one item per hit (start with the largest and work down from there). Magical items are not affected.
52	<b>Destroys Weapon Hitting It:</b> The creature's body is damaging to the point that any weapon striking it is destroyed (although damage is applied) and any creature physically striking it takes 1d6 damage.
53	Barrier, Damaging*: The creature is able to make some sort of standing barrier that causes damage to all within it, with fire being the primary example of this type. This ability is different than the massive damage ability, or similar damaging attacks, in that the barrier remains independent of the creature's actions after exercising the ability. The area of the barrier is 5 square feet per HD of the creature. Creatures coming into contact with the barrier and for each round they remain in the area take 1d4 damage for each HD possessed by the creature. Creatures within the area when it is created suffer only half damage if they make a saving throw. The creature may create a barrier once per turn.
54	<b>Blindness*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be stricken blind for 3d4 turns.
55	<b>Bonus Damage on Great Hit: 2d10:</b> If the creature's main attack roll hits by 4 or more, or is a natural twenty, the creature does an additional 2d10 damage in addition to its normal damage.
56	<b>Bonus Damage on Great Hit: 2d8:</b> If the creature's main attack roll hits by 4 or more, or is a natural twenty, the creature does an additional 2d8 damage in addition to its normal damage.
57	<b>Darkness:</b> The creature generates a sphere of darkness $1d3 \times 10'$ in radius. The creature can see in this darkness.
58	<b>Deafness*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be stricken deaf for 3d4 turns.
59	<b>Degrades Armor*:</b> This special attack degrades the armor of any character it hits. Every time a foe is hit, his AC worsens by 1 point. Natural armor heals back at a rate of 1 point per week, but artificial armor must be repaired.
60	<b>Disease</b> *: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be stricken by some disease that will slowly kill the character over the next 2d10 days – the Referee should define the specifics.
61	<b>Fear*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or run away from the creature as quickly as possible for 1d4 turns.
62	Immune to all Mind-Affecting Magic
63	Immune to Cold, No Damage
64	Immune to Crushing Attacks, No Damage
65	Immune to Cutting Attacks, No Damage

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
66	Immune to Fire, No Damage
67	Immune to Lightning, No Damage
68	<b>Immune to Magic: Resistance:</b> The creature has a $1d20 \times 5\%$ base chance of ignoring any magic spell cast against it. For every Level possessed by the caster greater than 11, lower the percentage by 5%. For every Level possessed by the caster lower than 11, raise the percentage by 5%.
69	<b>Immune to Magic: Spell Immunity:</b> The creature is immune to a certain wizard spell. Roll 2d4-1 to determine which Level the immune spell is taken from and then randomly determine the spell from that Level.
70	<b>Barrier:</b> The creature is able to make a solid barrier made out of some hard material, for example, making a wall of stone, iron, ice, or pure force. The exact nature of the barrier must be determined before the creature enters play. The length of this barrier is 5' per HD of the creature. The creature can create a barrier once per turn.
71	Barrier, Trapping*: The creature is able to make a barrier out of some material that that traps people within it or who come into contact with it, with webbing or strangling vines being primary examples of this type. This ability is different from the hold or paralysis abilities in that there is a physical thing holding characters that can be attacked and chopped away in order to free the them. The area of the barrier is 5' square feet per HD of the creature. Creatures coming into contact with the barrier must make a saving throw or become ensnared in the barrier until cut out by someone. The creature can create a barrier once per turn.
72	<b>Bonus Damage on Great Hit: 1d10:</b> If the creature's main attack roll hits by 4 or more, or is a natural twenty, the creature does an additional 1d10 damage in addition to its normal damage.
73	<b>Bonus Damage on Great Hit: 2d6:</b> If the creature's main attack roll hits by 4 or more, or is a natural twenty, the creature does an additional 2d6 damage in addition to its normal damage.
74	<b>Contagious:</b> Infectious: A character damaged by this creature has a chance (the number of points of damage inflicted by the creature expressed as a percentage of the victim's total Hit Points) to become infected and will slowly transform into another creature within 2d20 days unless the curse is removed.
75	Immune to Acid, Half Damage
76	Immune to Acid, No Damage
77	<b>Immune to Cold, Half Damage:</b> The creature takes half damage from cold effects or no damage if it makes its saving throw.
78	Immune to Crushing Attacks, Half Damage
79	Immune to Cutting Attacks, Half Damage
80	<b>Immune to Fire, Half Damage:</b> The creature takes half damage from fire effects or no damage if it makes its saving throw.
81-82	<b>Bonus Attack if Attacks Hit:</b> If the creature has more than one normal attack and the majority of those attacks hit one target, then the creature gets a bonus attack using its most damaging attack form.
83 – 84	<b>Bonus Damage on Great Hit: 1d6:</b> If the creature's main attack roll hits by 4 or more, or is a natural twenty, the creature does an additional 1d6 damage in addition to its normal damage.
85-86	<b>Bonus Damage on Great Hit: 1d8:</b> If the creature's main attack roll hits by 4 or more, or is a natural twenty, the creature does an additional 1d8 damage in addition to its normal damage.

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
87-88	<b>Camouflage:</b> The creature can change its colors to match its background. This gives it a +2 in 6 chance to surprise foes and it also allows the creature to be effectively invisible if it can get 50' away from the nearest foe.
89-90	<b>Charging Attack:</b> The creature can enter melee with a charge, doing double its normal damage with its main attack form.
91-92	<b>Charm*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or come under the control of the creature. Since the creature is not intelligent, for the most part this control will manifest either as defending the creature from harm (including attacking fellow party members to defend it) or presenting himself as a defenseless meal for the creature, neither fleeing nor taking any active measures to defend himself.
93-94	<b>Continuous Damage:</b> This special attack is coupled with one of the creature's normal attacks. When it hits with this attack, it can continue to do damage with that attack in subsequent rounds without needing an additional to-hit roll. The character does not get the benefit of Dexterity bonuses or a shield for AC purposes against other attacks when so held, and the creature cannot use this attack on anyone else while continuing to do damage to the original target.
95-96	<b>Dark Vision:</b> The creature can see perfectly well in the dark. All underground creatures should be assumed to have this.
97	$\textbf{Detect Invisibility:} \ \textbf{The creature can see invisible creatures, items, and people as if they were visible.}$
98	<b>Improved AC:</b> The creature gets a +1d6 bonus to its AC. Roll this bonus just once; it is the creature's constant bonus.
99	<b>Improved Chance To-Hit:</b> The creature gets a +1d4 bonus when rolling to hit. Roll this bonus just once; it is the creature's constant bonus.
100	<b>Combined Ability!</b> Roll twice on this table, and both results are combined into a single, inseparable ability.
101	Improved Damage: The creature's main attack for is increased by one die type.
102	<b>Improved Damage:</b> The creature does an extra 1d8 damage with its main attack form. Roll this bonus just once; it is the creature's constant bonus.
103	<b>Improved Movement:</b> The creature has an extra 10' × 1d10 added to its normal movement rate. Roll this bonus just once; it is the creature's constant bonus.
104	<b>Improved Saving Throws:</b> The creature gets a +1d6 bonus when rolling all of its saving throws. Roll this bonus just once; it is the creature's constant bonus.
105-106	Only Hit By +1 or Better Weapons
107-108	Only Hit By Silver Weapons: Magical weapons also affect this creature.
109-110	<b>Shape-Shifting, One Form:</b> The creature can, at will, change into one other form. This form can be pretty much anything; from a human form to an animal or even another monster form. If the Referee has no immediate ideas, he can create another creature using these charts to create the other form.
111 – 112	Surprised Less Often: -1 in 6 chance
113 – 114	Surprised Less Often: -2 in 6 chance
115 – 116	<b>Poison, Weak +2:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw with a +2 bonus or die instantly.
117-118	<b>Poison, Weak +1:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw with a +1 bonus or die instantly.

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
119	Immune to Lightning, Half Damage
120	Immune to Piercing Attacks, Half Damage
121	Improved Damage: The creature's main attack form is increased by one die.
122	Only Hit By Bronze Weapons: Magical weapons also affect this creature.
123	Only Hit By Cold Iron Weapons: Magical weapons also affect this creature.
124	Only Hit By Wooden Weapons: Magical weapons also affect this creature.
125	Poison*: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or die instantly.
126	<b>Stun*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be unable to take any action for Id8+1 rounds.
127	Surprised Less Often: -3 in 6 chance
128	Surprises More Often: +1 in 6 chance
129	Surprises More Often: +2 in 6 chance
130	<b>Immune to Mental Attack:</b> The creature is unaffected by spells or abilities that target the mind, including <i>Sleep, Charm, ESP</i> , or any such abilities.
131	Immune to Piercing Attacks, No Damage
132	Improved Damage: The creature does +1 damage per die with its main attack form.
133	<b>Invisible:</b> The creature is fully invisible in its natural state and can attack while invisible.
134	<b>Large Damage Attack*:</b> The creature has an attack which causes large amounts of damage, but which can only be used three times per day. The damage inflicted is equal to 1d6 for each HD possessed by the creature. A character subject to this attack takes only half damage if he makes a saving throw.
135	<b>Level Drain:</b> 1 <b>Level*:</b> A character subjected to this attack loses one Level of experience immediately with no saving throw. Any creature possessing this attack is an undead or otherwise infernal creature and is subject to being turned by a priest as an equivalent (as per hit dice) undead type.
136	<b>Non-Solid, At Will:</b> The creature is able to transform into either a liquid or gas state (what this state is must be defined for the creature before it enters play). While in this form, physical attacks do not affect it (although magical effects do and magic weapons' bonuses do count for damage even if the base weapon's damage does not), and it is unable to engage in physical combat with others. However, it may retain other special abilities in its non-solid form, at the Referee's discretion.
137	Only Hit By +2 or Better Weapons
138	<b>Paralysis*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be unable to move for 3d4 turns.
139	<b>Regeneration: 1 Point Per Round:</b> The creature regains one HP at the beginning of every round. When the creature is reduced to zero HP, it dies and regeneration ceases.
140	<b>Shape-Shifting, Multiple Forms:</b> The creature can, at will, change into 1d4 other forms. These forms can be pretty much anything; from a human form to an animal or even another monster form. If the Referee has no immediate ideas, he can create another creature using these charts to create these other forms.

#### **2D100 SPECIAL ABILITY Spell Use: Priest Spells:** The creature can cast spells as a priest. The creature has an effective 141 Level of (2d4-1) to determine how many spells it can cast per day, but uses its own HD to determine actual spell effects. If the game includes priest sub-classes, there is a 25% chance the creature will cast spells as the sub-class. Spell Use: Wizard Spells: The creature can cast spells as a wizard. The creature has an effective 142 Level of (2d4-1) to determine how many spells it can cast per day, but uses its own HD to determine actual spell effects. If the game includes wizard sub-classes, there is a 25% chance the creature will cast spells as the sub-class. 143 Surprises More Often: +3 in 6 chance Surprises More Often: +4 in 6 chance 144 Poison, Strong -1: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw with a -1 145 penalty or die instantly. Fast Reflexes +1: The creature gets a +1 bonus to its initiative rolls. 146 Enlarge\*: Any character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or grow by d8% × the 147 creature's HD. This effect is cumulative and lasts 1d4+1 turns. This will not enlarge non-living material, so a character's armor and clothing may be destroyed as he grows, and he may have trouble wielding weapons. However, his carrying capacity and ability to inflict damage is increased by the same percentage as his size for the duration of the effect. Creatures using this effect will be cunning about using it only when enlarging an enemy will cause discomfort and danger for the enlarged foe. Hinders Foe\*: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or suffer a -2 148 penalty to saving throws, to-hit rolls, and AC for 1d4 turns. **Illusion:** The creature can cast illusions of some sort, most often used to distract its prey to set 149 up an ambush. As the creature is not intelligent, the illusions will always be something simple (but not easily seen through!). **Immune to Magic: Spell Vulnerability:** The creature is immune to all spells except for a very 150 few. 1d4+1 spells do affect the creature and these should be randomly determined. Each spell has a 50% chance to be a priest or wizard spell, roll 1d6 for the spell Level, and randomly determine which spells can affect it. 151 Immune to Physical Attacks, Half Damage Incorporeal, At Will: The creature's body is non-physical. Only magical attacks (and attacks 152 with magical weapons) affect it, and it cannot physically attack others. This creature must have some sort of special attack that allows it to combat physical beings. The creature decides every round on its turn whether it will be physical or incorporeal. **Level Drain: 2 Levels\*:** A character subjected to this attack loses two Levels of experience 153 immediately with no saving throw. Any creature possessing this attack is an undead or otherwise infernal creature and is subject to being turned by a priest as an equivalent (as per hit dice) undead type. **Light:** The creature can create light, as per the spell. 154 Magic Drain: Temporary\*: The creature has the ability to drain the magic out of items for 3d4 155 turns. It will always go for the largest items first. **Non-Solid, Constant:** The creature is in either a liquid or gas state at all times and is unable 156 to become solid. Physical attacks do not affect it (although magical effects do, and magic weapons' bonuses do count for damage even if the base weapon's damage does not), and it is unable to engage in physical combat with others. This creature should have at least one special ability which allows it to interact (or threaten!) the solid world.

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
157	Only Hit By +3 or Better Weapons:
158	Planar Travel: The creature can move through another dimension than the physical.
159	<b>Reflexive Attack:</b> The creature's body reacts to damage in a way that whenever it takes damage in melee combat, it immediately gets a free attack on the attacker.
160	<b>Regeneration: 2 Points Per Round:</b> The creature regains two HPs at the beginning of every round. When the creature is reduced to zero HP, it dies and regeneration ceases.
161	<b>Regeneration: 3 Points Per Round:</b> The creature regains three HPs at the beginning of every round. When the creature is reduced to zero HP, it dies and regeneration ceases.
162	<b>Shape Shifting, Unlimited:</b> The creature can, at will, change its form into that of any living creature it desires. It will retain all purely physical properties of that form, but no magical abilities.
163	<b>Summon Creatures:</b> The creature is able to summon other creatures from the surrounding area. In most cases this should be some sort of natural wildlife (whatever passes for natural in the environs the creature inhabits, anyway).
164	<b>Swallows Whole:</b> A creature that can swallow whole automatically has a bite attack and is some sort of huge monster. When this creature succeeds with its to-hit roll by 5 or more, or rolls a natural 20, the victim is immediately swallowed whole and takes damage equal to the original attack every round until the creature dies. Characters so swallowed can attack only with small-sized thrusting weapons, with the creature's interior AC being its normal unarmored AC
165	<b>Poison, Strong -2:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw with a -2 penalty or die instantly.
166	Fast Reflexes +2: The creature gets a +2 bonus to its initiative rolls.
167	<b>ESP:</b> The creature is able to read the minds of all around it. Even though the creature may not have a cognitive intelligence, it will still instinctively know how injured its foes are, any spells that are about to be cast against it, and general combat tactics being prepared by its enemies, and will act accordingly to protect itself and slay its foes.
168	<b>Fairy Glow:</b> The creature is able to make its foes light up, inflicting no damage, but causing those foes to suffer a -2 AC penalty. 2d6 characters can be so affected at a time.
169	<b>Heat Metal*:</b> The creature is able to make the metal equipment of one character become blazing hot. A character subject to this attack can make a saving throw to avoid its effects. If the saving throw is failed, then his equipment heats up over a period of four rounds. The first round it merely heats up, giving him a chance to discard it without harm (although plate mail might be more difficult to remove – Referee discretion). On the second round, if the character is still holding or wielding metal, he takes 1d6 damage, the second round he takes 1d8, and on the third round he takes 1d10. After that the metal has cooled down enough to not cause further damage.
170	Immune to Physical Attacks, No Damage
171	<b>Incorporeal, Constant:</b> The creature's body is permanently non-physical. Only magical attacks (and attacks with magical weapons) affect it, and it cannot physically attack others. This creature must have some sort of special attack that allows it to combat physical beings.
172	Insanity*: A character subject to this attack must make a saving throw or become insane. Insanity is permanent unless cured by strong magic; it can be removed as a curse or disease. Details of the insanity are left to the Referee to determine (although should be concretely defined before the creature enters play), but drastic alignment change, sociopathy, kleptomania, or any significant, inconvenient, and character-changing personality or behavior change are appropriate.

2D100	SPECIAL ABILITY
173	<b>Magic Drain: Permanent*:</b> The creature has the ability to permanently drain the magic out of items. It will always go for the largest items first.
174	<b>Magic Erasure*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or immediately loses any spells he has memorized that day.
175	<b>Maiming*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or one of his limbs becomes completely and permanently useless.
176	<b>Memory Loss*:</b> A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or one of his limbs becomes completely and permanently useless. A character subject to this attack must make a saving throw or lose all of his memories. The memory will not return until the memory loss is dispelled (either with a <i>Dispel Magic</i> or <i>Remove Curse</i> spell).
177	<b>Mimicry:</b> The creature is able to change its shape to be any inanimate object of its general size. It uses this ability to lure victims close so it can attack with surprise.
178	<b>Phased:</b> The creature is out of alignment with the physical world. It shifts into the physical world to attack and then quickly shifts out again. This creature cannot be targeted for any attack, physical or magical, unless the strike is made on the same initiative number as the creature during combat, or if the caster is also out of phase with the physical world.
179	<b>Psychic Blast*:</b> The creature can mentally attack its foes. The target must roll percentile dice, and if the roll is under the total of their Wisdom, Intelligence, and character Level, they are unaffected. Otherwise, they are stunned for two rounds, plus one additional round per 10 points by which they miss the percentile roll.
180	<b>Regeneration: 1 Point Per Round, Undying:</b> The creature regains one HP at the beginning of every round, even after reaching zero HP or lower. The Referee must decide on a certain attack form which causes permanent, non-regenerating damage.
181	<b>Regeneration: 2 Points Per Round, Undying:</b> The creature regains two HPs at the beginning of every round, even after reaching zero HP or lower. The Referee must decide on a certain attack form which causes permanent, non-regenerating damage.
182	<b>Regeneration: 3 Points Per Round, Undying:</b> The creature regains three HPs at the beginning of every round, even after reaching zero HP or lower. The Referee must decide on a certain attack form which causes permanent, non-regenerating damage.
183	<b>Shrink*</b> : Any character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be shrunk by 1d8% × the creature's HD. This effect is cumulative and lasts 1d4+1 turns. This will not shrink non-living material, so a character's armor and clothing may fall off, he may have trouble wielding weapons, and his carrying capacity and ability to inflict damage is decreased by the same percentage as his size for the duration of the effect.
184	<b>Silence:</b> The creature has the innate ability to create a zone of complete silence (with a 30' diameter sphere area of effect) at will. It can only have one such zone active at any time, however.
185	<b>Slow</b> *: A character subject to this attack must make a saving throw or move at half speed and attack half as often for 1d6+4 rounds.
186	<b>Spell Reflection:</b> Offensive spells cast at the creature will instead 'bounce back' and affect the caster. Only spells of up to 1d6 Level (roll this value when the creature is created) will be reflected in this manner.
187	<b>Spoil Rations*:</b> The creature's attack spoils all perishable items. Any food a target is carrying becomes inedible and water goes bad if the character fails to make a saving throw. Potions can also be ruined and a saving throw should be made for them individually.

#### 2D100 SPECIAL ABILITY Sticky: The creature's body is adhesive, and any weapon striking the creature sticks to it. The 188 wielder must make an open doors roll the next round to pry it off and can take no other action that round than prying the weapon free. **Swift Reflexes:** The creature can make all of its normal attacks twice as often. 189 **Telekinesis:** The creature can move objects with its mind without touching them. The 190 maximum weight, in pounds, it can move is equal to the creature's HD $\times$ (1d8+2 $\times$ 10). **Teleportation:** The creature blinks in and out of physical space. When making an attack, there 191 is a 15 in 20 chance it appears behind its target for a rear attack, 3 in 20 chance of appearing in a flanking (unshielded) position, and 1 in 20 chance of moving well out of combat range in a particular round. **Transform Metal to Wood\*:** The creature is able to transform metal into wood. If the attack is 192 directed at a character or his equipment, then he must make a saving throw to avoid its effect. The creature can transform 5 pounds of metal per HD it possesses. It is up to the Referee to judge the effectiveness of items so transformed, but in general, wooden armor and weapons should be considered useless in a fight. Transform Rock to Mud\*: The creature is able to transform rock into soft mud. Walls so 193 transformed will collapse, pillars and boulders turned into goop, and floors will effectively turn into deadly quicksand. The creature can transform 5 square feet per HD it possesses. If the ability is used to cause direct damage to characters, those characters must make a saving throw to avoid the effect. Penetrating Sight: The creature can see through any illusions, invisibility, or any such similar 194 magical effects. Turn to Stone\*: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be 195 permanently turned to stone. **Untraceable:** The creature leaves no trail that can be followed short of magical means. 196 Vanish\*: A character subjected to this attack must make a saving throw or be both paralyzed 197 and turned invisible for 3d4 turns. The creature will be able to detect the character, but the victim's fellows will think he has simply vanished. 198 **Ventriloquism:** The creature can throw its voice (er... growl?) to make it seem as if it is in another location. Water Breathing: The creature can survive underwater as well as on land. 199 **Fast Reflexes +3:** The creature gets a +3 bonus to its initiative rolls. 200



## **DELIVERY OF SPECIAL ATTACKS**

Roll once on the table for every special attack the creature has. If the same delivery method is rolled for multiple attacks, then the attack can have a combined effect rather than being two separate attacks if the Referee so decides, and such combined attacks require only one saving throw (what kind should be determined at this stage when the creature is created, not in midcombat) to avoid/mitigate its effects.

#### TABLE: DELIVERY OF SPECIAL ATTACKS

2D10	DELIVERY	NOTES
2	On Sight	Merely seeing the creature causes the special attack to affect the onlooker.
3-4	Gas	The special attack affects everyone within $1d10 \times 10$ ' of the creature (roll once when the creature is created). The creature itself is not affected. This is different from Area Effect, Centered only because there are different defenses and precautions against gas than general 'on-contact' attacks.
5-6	Gaze	The special attack is delivered through line of sight and the victim must meet its gaze. Characters seeking to completely avoid the gaze of a creature cannot attack it at all and must keep their eyes firmly shut, and any attacks against them in this state counts as a 'back attack.' Characters seeking to attack a creature while avoiding its gaze suffer a -4 to-hit penalty, and have a 10% chance per round of meeting its gaze anyway. A character can attack normally and have a 33% chance of meeting its gaze. Simply looking at the monster from afar gives a 50% chance of meeting its gaze, being surprised by the creature gives a 75% chance of meeting its gaze, and being completely surprised is a 90% chance. Characters meeting the gaze must then make the saving throw or suffer its effects.
7-8	Area Effect, Cone	The creature projects an area effect which expands the further away it is from the creature. It has a 45° arc and a range of $3d6 \times 10$ ° (roll once when the creature is created).
9-11	Projectile	The special attack is made at range as a missile attack.
12-13	Touch	The special attack is delivered when the creature hits with one of its normal attacks.
14-15	Ray	The special attack is delivered through a ranged attack that ignores physical armor or shields, and only magical and Dexterity bonuses apply for a target's AC.
16-17	Area Effect, Centered	The special attack affects everyone within 1d10 $\times$ 10' of the creature (roll once when the creature is created). The creature itself is not affected.
18-19	Area Effect, Circle	The special attack affects everyone within a 1d10 $\times$ 10' radius area, and the creature can center this area up to 3d6 $\times$ 10' away (roll once for each random factor when the creature is created).
20	Voice	The special attack is delivered through the creature's voice and affects anyone who hears it.

## **COMBAT TACTICS**

The same-old feeling that accompanies encounters with many classic fantasy role-playing monsters isn't necessarily because the same monsters have been used for thirty-plus years. Sometimes, a Referee just can't help being one man controlling an entire world of adventure, and sometimes he's going to go on autopilot when presenting certain encounters – especially random encounters. This is somewhat mitigated when using adventures and locations written by others, but in classic games it is often the home Referee creating his own milieu and fashioning his own encounters.

This section is merely an aid to varying the combat tactics of individual creatures in order to give a Referee something to riff off of instead of having the burden to invent every last creature's combat strategy. The Referee should roll percentile dice to determine a creature's basic combat strategy. The dice should then be reversed (a 54 becoming a 45, for example) to determine a creature's back-up strategy should the primary strategy be unfeasible for whatever reason. Keep in mind these options are only suitable for more or less savage and bestial creatures – truly intelligent foes should have more refined ways to go about slaying their foes.

It is highly recommended that when using less intelligent creatures, the Referee play them to their maximum potential. They are there to rend and tear and kill, and perhaps if they're acting natural, to feed. Character death is hard-coded into these games, and it's there for a reason. Player investment in their characters should encourage smart and careful play in order not to lose said characters... but that investment should never result in a Referee fudging or coddling in order to save a character during fair play. If a Referee made an error and introduced an unavoidable, unconquerable foe, then perhaps (perhaps!) that is another matter...

#### **TABLE: COMBAT TACTICS**

1D10	TARGET	NOTES
1	Closest	The creature will always attack the closest available foe.
2	Random	The foe attacked by the creature should be randomly determined ever round.
3	Inflicted the Most Damage	The creature will always attack the foe that inflicted the most damage to it earlier in the round or in the prior round depending on how the Referee handles combat declarations.
4	Spell Casters	The creature will always attack spell casters before non-casters, wizards before priests.
5	Most Heavily Armored	The creature will always attack the most heavily armored foe in combat.
6	Least Armored	The creature will always attack the least armored foe in combat.
7	Toughest	The creature will always attack the foe with the most remaining hit points.
8	Weakest	The creature will always attack the foe with the least remaining hit points.
9	Humans	The creature will always attack humans before non-humans.
10	Non-Humans	The creature will always attack demi-humans and humanoids before humans.

## **MOTIVATION**

Sometimes it's good to know just why a creature is interested in armed conflict with ready and capable enemies. This enables better strategic (and tactical) thinking on the players' part as they can think of ways to avoid combat, nullify the hostility of the creature, or even escape a combat that is going badly for them.

#### **TABLE: MOTIVATION**

1D10	MOTIVES	NOTES
1-2	Abomination	The creature is so unnatural that it cannot abide the existence of natural beings. Any magically affected character (cursed, polymorphed, etc.) will not be attacked by the creature except in self-defense.
3	Fear	The creature is something of a psychic vampire, feeding off of the fear of its victims. If those it attacks show no fear whatsoever (Referees should gauge the players' reaction to the creature to determine this), the creature will attempt to disengage from combat and escape – there is nothing for it here.
4-5	Hunger	The creature is constantly hungry, much like a shark, and will attack in order to feed on its foes.
6	Mating	The creature is able to reproduce through sexual contact with humans and demi-humans, and attacks in order to procreate. Very important: Referees should not use this as a license or even a suggestion to rape characters in play, and the creature won't be trying to fuck characters in the middle of combat. Don't be gross or disrespectful. However, if the creature finds itself alone with unconscious or otherwise helpless characters, then they're going to have a bad day. Keep the details 'off-camera,' but certainly inflict whatever nasty diseases are appropriate on the character, and in 1d100 weeks' time, another of these creatures is going to come ripping out of the character's belly, killing him instantly. Creatures do not differentiate, or even recognize the differences, between the sexes of human-like beings, so Referees shouldn't specifically target female characters or players with this creature.
7	Parasite	The creature encountered is merely the host for another organism. Any foe left alone and unconscious will be infected with the parasite, which will slowly destroy the mind of the infected and transform it into another creature like the one encountered.
8	Spawning	The creature procreates by laying eggs (or something similar) inside dead bodies of a certain (human?) size, and seeks to kill characters for this purpose.
9-10	Territorial	The creature merely seeks to defend its home area, as it considers any intruder to be a threat. The creature will not pursue any fleeing enemies beyond its territory.



# **PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER**

There are three things that must be addressed to make this series of tables coalesce into a usable creature: Appearance, abilities, and suitability.

Figuring out a creature's appearance is either going to be extremely easy ("OK, quadruped, mammal, horse looking thing...") or an exercise in abstract thinking ("a 20-sided die with the characteristics of a skunk that's made out of water"), but it needs to be done before the creature can be presented in play. All a Referee really needs is enough to present a general description, and then he can just make stuff up if and when the players want more detail. Appearance is easy to simply invent since it doesn't affect any of the stats. A Referee should have fun with it.

The special abilities, because they have an actual in-game effect beyond description and atmosphere. That stuff can take a character out of the game so special attention needs to be paid to it. A Referee needs to be familiar with how the creature attacks and how it appears the creature is attacking so it can be described to the players. The Referee needs to know how each of the attacks work, especially in cases of area effect attacks, so the players don't see indecision and hesitation from the Referee mid-combat. The Referee also needs to determine what saving throws will apply to which attacks before a creature is brought into play.

Suitability is all about the creature making sense for its environment. Thought needs to be given to that. Never mind 'ecology,' but common sense needs to be applied. A game shouldn't get sidetracked because players' sensibilities are so jolted that they become distracted by something that has no meaning at all. If the creature's abilities suggest a

certain environment, that environment should be present. A creature can drive the setting in this way. A creature with crustacean features that breathes underwater should have some water nearby, for example. A very large creature shouldn't be somewhere if it can't fit through any of the exits. A creature randomly encountered on a major underworld trade route better not be an immobile killing machine. These creatures should inspire wonder and fear and they should be fantastic and perhaps they should even be completely unrealistic, but if they break the verisimilitude of the setting, they need to be adjusted. A Referee should never let random tables derail the game, and a Referee should never sacrifice a setting's integrity for the sake of "that's cool!" or any sort of instant gratification. The best case scenario is for the situation to be bizarre. as in the case of these examples, but with a reasonable explanation for it. Not that the players ever need to know, but if the Referee knows, then the players will be able to tell, in the long run, that the world has an order to it and it's not just a glop of thrown together shit. Perhaps that immobile killing machine is something of a toll keeper, and if players can figure out what the toll is and how to pay it, they can pass without trouble. Maybe that gigantic creature that is too big to leave that cavern was raised from a little bitty monster but someone or something and it just grew there until it couldn't leave. Or maybe if a Referee had so many ideas ready to go off the top of his head, he wouldn't be using a book of random tables in the first place. Whatever. A Referee should use whatever makes his job easier, ignore the things he doesn't like about it, and make sure that everything, as in every single last little thing, serves the game and help make actual play more satisfying and compelling.

# THE EFFECTIVE PRESENTATION OF MONSTERS IN FANTASY ROLE—PLAYING

Good Referees know that it's not enough to merely come up with a list of appropriate challenges for an adventure. In role-playing games, presentation is everything. The most mundane creature can be made quite fearsome and put some real dread into the players. Remember Tucker's Kobolds!

But that's the trick, isn't it? It is important to make every encounter seem dangerous, or important, or at least make sure that the smaller combats of attrition aren't boring. Familiarity can hurt this, but it is certainly possible to have a rich, fulfilling campaign just using monsters straight out of the official books.

(Don't tell anyone else that until they've already bought this book, m'kay?)

The trick is to do everything possible to make the players forget that they are playing a game that has been a standard for more than three decades. The trick is to make the players treat their gaming experience as brand new.

Here are some suggestions for making monsters in your campaign more memorable, more menacing, and more mystical – the way they were meant to be!

#### SURPRISE!

The first suggestion can be used in any Referee's game, right now, without introducing a single new creature into the game. It would be a shock if many Referees reading this book don't already practice this in their games. The trick is to give the players as little information as possible while still giving an adequate description of what their characters are experiencing.

Just by virtue of having surprise rules including, classic fantasy role-playing games are stating that it is possible for enemies to attack characters unaware. It's a basic definition. So always roll for surprise (or better yet, have the players roll their own surprise die) before announcing whatever it is the characters are encountering. Don't even mention something is there yet. The Referee shouldn't tell the players that they are rolling a surprise die! If the characters are surprised, the Referee should roll the monsters' attacks and damage, and players should make any appropriate saving throws, and all effects should be applied before the Referee gives one single detail about what is there.

This will freak many players out. Even if the damage is not so much, there will be an immediate question of whether that's because the foes are weak or if it was just luck. If the damage was great, players will assume that's what they're in for every round, no matter if the Referee made a lucky roll or not. Players' brains will be buzzing with possible tactics and responses and actions because of a threat they cannot yet identify.

Now think of the expectations that this creates in the player's mind. "What foul menace now confronts us?" That so many of the monsters of fantasy role-playing are hard-coded in players' skulls can only create a let-down. "You see two trolls!" Are the players looking worried because of the horror of such creatures, or are they calculating hit dice/hit point probabilities and damage capacities in their head to determine if they should run or fight? Is there a reliable way to make sure there is no letdown when players finally know what they are facing?

The answer to that question is why this book even exists.

#### **SUMMONING!**

Certain spells and magical items summon monsters. While games have their particular charts they use to determine what is summoned, wouldn't it make more sense if nobody really knew what was going to show up? The summoning spells even make things easy by specifying how powerful and how many creatures will show up. A Referee with some practice with these charts can probably get away with creating creatures on demand, but a resourceful Referee will know what summoning spells the players (and NPCs!) will have at their disposal and have some nasty little critters ready.

That same preparation can be used for wandering monsters charts as well, just have a selection of pre-created random nasties so they can be instantly presented for play when the time comes.

Obviously certain summoning spells, animal summoning in particular, should probably use the system-provided charts and effects. But for that mysterious arcane summoning? Hit them with the weird stuff.

#### **MIX AND MATCH**

An endless variety of creatures is sitting right there in every Referee's monster list. Monster statistics are not canon. They can, and should, be changed often. A Referee obviously doesn't have time in his life to agonize over every single possible encounter that could happen in his game, but there are still adjustments that can be made that are quick and easy.

Select a monster, and use its physical form, including attacks. Then select another monster, and just use its temperament and special abilities. You're done! You know, say you like the idea of a manticore. Awesome creatures for a dynamic mid-level challenge. But hey, the leucrotta has an interesting ability there... So transfer that to the manticore for a nice combination of mythological beasts. It's the little things like that which can make for a long, long night for assumptive players.



#### **USE MONSTERS ONLY ONCE**

Monsters that are not unique are not mystical creatures of wonder. They are simply animals, and the typical adventuring party is more on an African safari than participating in High Adventure when they face such foes. In fact, the idea of a standardized monster list for anything other than exemplar purposes is probably the worst thing that happened to role-playing.

Take back the fantastic by limiting it. Use any particular creature once during a campaign. Unusual, supernatural creatures don't belong on random encounter lists, they shouldn't be chosen to fill out some extra rooms in a dungeon complex. They should be special, and treating each one as a unique creature forces the Referee to make them special.

It should be noted that 'unique' does not necessarily mean 'only one' in this instance. Some creatures propagate themselves. Energy draining undead do this, as do lycanthropes. When these creatures are used, it wouldn't even be logical (and in fantasy role-playing, 'realistic' may not be a desirable goal, but 'logical' is certainly attainable) to have only one exist. When the creatures do appear, use them to their fullest horrific potential. Also, some creatures are intended to be used in packs, or infest a limited area. These intentions should be honored, with the 'grouping' being counted as unique rather than the individual creature.

There are three exceptions to this. Some of the creatures will be 'animals' in a campaign world, and thus be a standard part of the game world. A Referee should use common sense. Should a unicorn really be something popping up here and there if the 'monsters are unique' method is to be used? Slimes and oozes are a good candidate for this 'animal' treatment, as are plant creatures. In most cases though, if a

'monster' is going to be treated as an 'animal,' shouldn't a Referee simply use... an animal (perhaps a giant version if the characters are far enough off the beaten track)? Obviously for some alien environments, that would not even make sense ("Oh, we just got attacked by 2d6 more moles down here in these dark caverns miles under the Earth!"), but keeping 'verisimilitude' in mind for the game world, with the only exceptions happening as part of the players' experiences (or being related to their activities), can go a long way towards capturing the players' sense of wonder.

The second exception is the 'culture.' Certain creatures are tribal in nature, so their influence will be a bit more widely felt. See the 'racism' section below.

The third exception covers the creatures that are created by spell effects. Elementals won't be limited if certain items and spell-casters can summon them. Certain types of undead are created with a spell effect, and so forth. These creatures will be encountered more often than a 'monsters are unique' approach would indicate. Yet it is still important for a Referee to manage these monsters as much as possible, and be able to explain and pinpoint (not necessarily to the players, simply to himself) how and why these creatures are appearing in terms of the game world.

The important thing to remember is that the players should never be notified if a campaign is going to be handled in this manner. One can imagine them creating a checklist as they work to knock off the 'standad' creatures one by one. "Well there's the vampire! Check!"

Of course a Referee can get a similar effect without limiting a particular monster to one, or even one group as described above. Remember how The Nine were a fairly fearsome bunch? They weren't limited to



one geographic area, or even found together much of the time. And with all the variations in dragons these games seem to have, limiting a campaign to one of each type of dragon seems like wasting opportunities. It is suggested that if the 'monsters are unique' approach is to be used, and if there are going to be exceptions, then those exceptions should be a campaign focus, something that the players and their characters can discover. They still shouldn't be told that there is only one of everything else of course!

#### **UNNAMED TERROR**

This suggestion is mainly for creatures created with this booklet. A Referee should never give these monsters a name! "What was that?" is going to be a question commonly asked by players. They should be told nothing. Perhaps it is best if they don't know a random generation method is being used to come up with their foes. If they think these oddities are planned, maybe they'll view the Referee's other creations with more caution and respect.

Or perhaps the players should know that they are not fighting are not 'standard' monsters. Part of the behavior of players is dependent on the unchanging, traditional nature of classic gaming foes. Take that away from them and the entire game, perhaps even the entire genre, seems far less certain, it definitely won't seem so 'old,' and more and more of that feeling of nostalgia disappears and is replaced by that genuine sense of wonder from the time when everything about the game was new.

Or, The Locally Named Terror can be used. If creatures are non-standard, then locals will know nearby creatures by names having to do with the local environment or legends. "You can't go there, that's where the Beast of Boggy Downs hunts!" "If you really are planning on going up to the old ruins, you must beware of Azerkon's Folly!" If a Referee manages to not give the creature any more proper name than that, all the better.



#### **RACISM**

That should raise an eyebrow or two. The first basic problem with creating a sense of wonder in fantasy role-playing is there is too much of it in most settings and campaigns. It's very simple: If everything is fantastic, then nothing is. A Referee should use every opportunity to strip nonessential magical and mythic elements from his game. While this seems counterintuitive for fantasy role-playing, it can enrich a campaign by making the weird stuff really count.

The first place this can be done is by changing the approach to demi-humans and humanoids in the campaign. The classic fantasy role-playing campaign has elves,

dwarves, and halflings standing side-by-side with humans, with teeming masses of orcs, goblins, and more serving as cannon fodder. Eliminate them from the game. If it has two legs and two hands, remove it and replace it with humans. The important thing is - don't change the cultures or characterizations involved! The ones that were 'dwarves' are now mining clans, short and stocky, the 'elves' are forest-dwelling hunters, 'orcs' are remorseless and savage barbarians, etc. Perhaps they should even keep their special racial abilities (now labeled 'cultural abilities'), although perhaps it might be difficult to justify seeing in the dark. But really, is there any reason to use an ogre

when a human warrior with a few levels on him will do? Is that adding to the danger, the suspense, or the mystery of the game? Details don't even have to be changed in doing away with non-humans. Normal unclassed humans have roughly the same stats as goblins in most of the individual systems, so there would be no real balance issues in doing this. Don't make the converted humanoids any more cultured, either. Just play them as orcs or goblins or whatever, but describe them as humans. They can still have their own separate language, and they'll still be unquestionably evil foes. This is why the header of this section is 'Racism:' in the game world, certain portions of humanity would be genetically hardcoded to be evil, or savage, or diggers, or forest dwellers, or stealthy, or what have you. The game is fiction, and a Referee should never allow comparisons between his real-life attitudes and how he handles orc analogues in his game.

Taking this approach will remove the 'mundane' special creatures out of a campaign. It can also serve to increase tension and perhaps drama, as questions of "What do we do with the tribe's noncombatant women and children?" and the like become much more interesting to answer. And if so much magic and inhumanity is assumed in a game, perhaps that removes the wonder for all such elements in a campaign. The goal here is not simply to facilitate the motions of playing classic fantasy role-playing games, but to restore the wonder we felt when we first played and allow that to be an ongoing element of play.

Perhaps such issues are not interesting to every Referee or player group. And perhaps the classic fellowship of characters as presented by Tolkien, his peers, and

followers is the basic lure for fantasy gaming in the first place. Fine. Use the races, but use them right. They should not be ubiquitous in a campaign world. Assuming a humanocentric focus to the game (as was the intention of the big EGG), every other demi-human and humanoid should be very rare. No elves or dwarves mixing in human society, or reasonably able to be contacted except in extraordinary circumstances. This does not mean limiting player choices for their characters! Let them be as they wish, but a Referee should always be sure that the players are aware that their non-human characters are unusual and never trusted by more superstitious members of the population. Go back to the source - Tolkien mixed his races in only the most dire of circumstances. The average man didn't come into contact with elves or dwarves. Making these races isolated and insular in a campaign, and only using them for specific purposes, will make them more special.

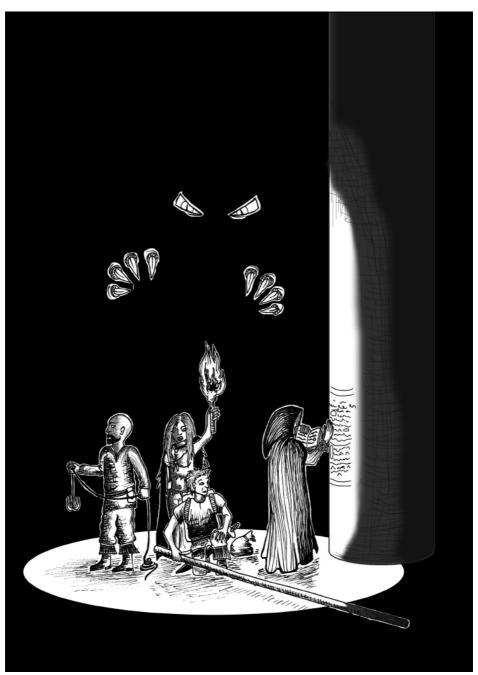
Most importantly, treating player character races this way is simply an exercise for the hard part: Doing the same with the evil humanoids. They simply must be eliminated as a commonplace foe in order for them to have any credibility, or use, in a campaign at all. Note their uses in the core literature. They aren't everywhere, they aren't common foes. They have specific territories and are used for specific reasons. They don't crawl all over Middle-Earth like rats.

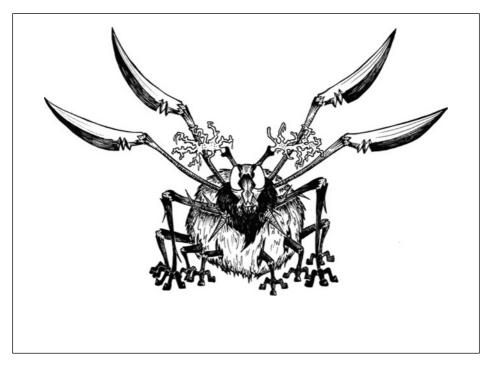
There is something to be learned from this approach. If anything, defining an 'orc' as 'a humanoid from this region who serve this master' prevents the thoughtless use of orcs (etc.) just anywhere as general cannon fodder. If these things are only used when there is a purpose, then simply having that purpose will make their use more memorable within the game for the players.

## **ORIGINAL ARTWORK FOR THE 2008 LOTFP EDITION**

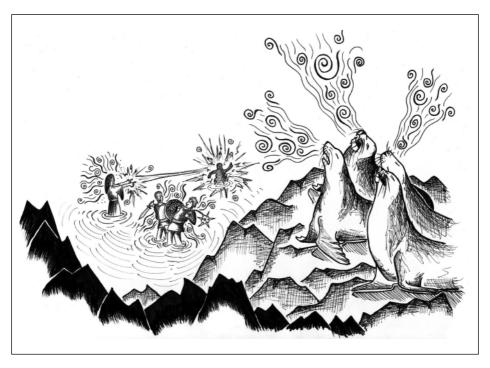


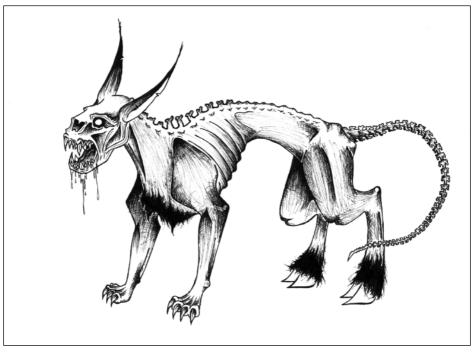
All artwork in the 2008 Edition was created in Finland by Aino Purhonen. Here the front and rear cover art is shown.

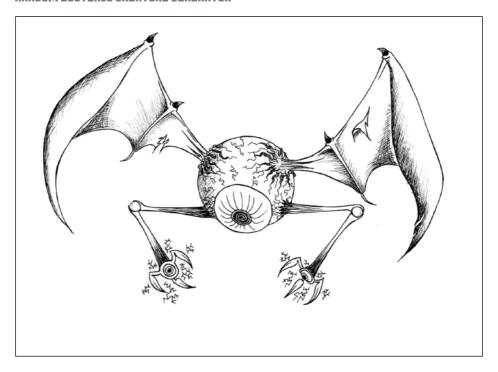


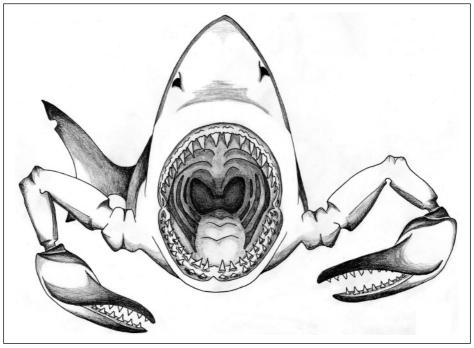


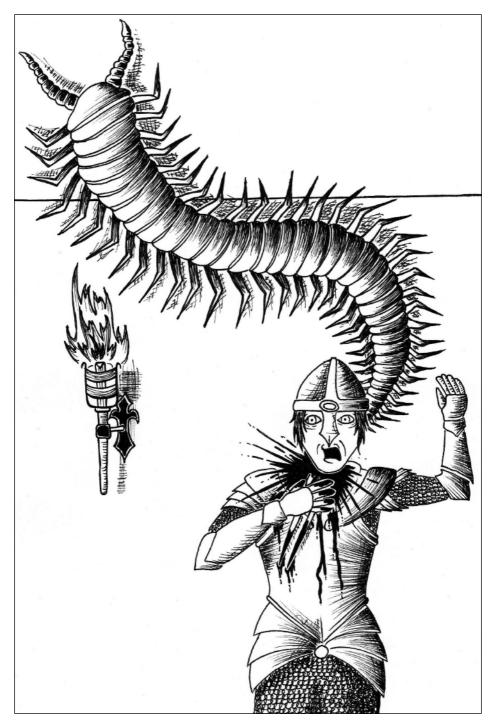


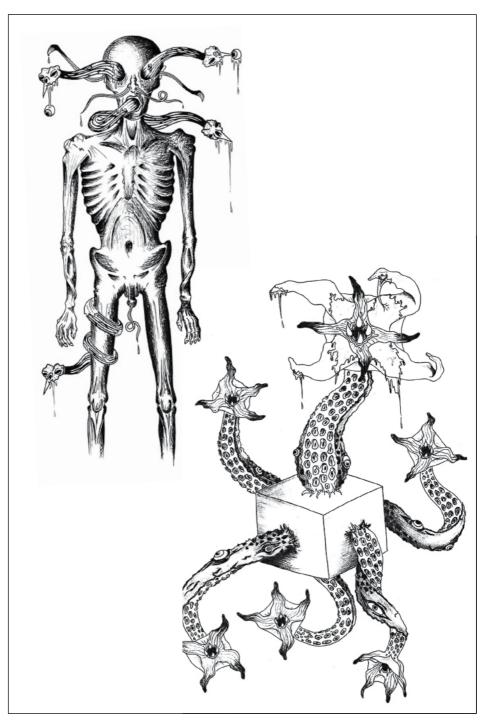








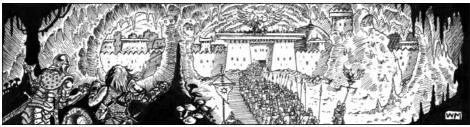






### ORIGINAL ARTWORK FOR THE GOODMAN GAMES EDITION





Artwork for the Goodman Games Edition was created in the USA by Doug Kovacs (color cover, previous page), William McAusland (below) and Bradley K. McDevitt (following pages overleaf).

